

The spectacle at Douglas is certainly interesting; but it's expensive amusement for the United States.

**BIG** guns in the football war this season must be short of ammunition

# The Evening Herald

**PLANS** made for receiving Villa sound more like a barbecue than a battle.

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VOL. 26, NO. 186.

## CENTRAL CONTROL OF OPERATIONS JOFFRE'S AIM IN VISIT TO ENGLAND

Necessity for Quicker Decisions and More Co-ordinated Action Behind Secret Conference in London.

### SERBIAN NATION NO LONGER HAS A CAPITAL

With All Principal Cities in Enemy's Hands, Announced Seat of Government Moved to "A Certain Point."

(By Evening Herald Special Wire)  
London, Oct. 29. (3:40 p. m.)—General Joffre, the French commander in chief, who came to London yesterday, held another conference today with the war secretary, Lord Marshall, and other officials. An official statement has been given out concerning the object of the French commander's visit. Theory which is generally accepted, however, is that some scheme for central military control is being promoted. The object of the visit is to discuss the possibility of quicker decisions and more co-ordinated action than heretofore.

General Joffre also visited Queen Mary and Queen Mother Alexandra. He then left town to inspect a military camp.

London, Oct. 29. (3:40 p. m.)—The British government has received word from the French government that the French commander in chief, General Joffre, has been ordered to move his headquarters to a certain point in the French rear.

According to official reports, from which the details of the move have been obtained, the French commander in chief has been ordered to move his headquarters to a certain point in the French rear.

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English troops ordered to the Serbian front.

Berlin repeats economic report of progress.

Citizens attack Germans in Mena, says report.

British warship sinks mine-sweeper off Gallipoli.

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## Today's War Summary

Large Russian forces are to attempt a landing on the Bulgarian Black sea coast, according to advice received in Berlin, which reports that large contingents of troops are being sent from Odessa and Sebastopol.

Details of the capture of the Serbian stronghold of Piro, which had barred the Bulgarian path to Nish, are telegraphed from Sofia, some doubt has existed as to whether the Bulgarians had completed their occupation of the place. Definite announcement of the capture is given in the current statement in the Vienna war office.

The French have made further gains in the Artois region, occupying a section of German trenches at the village of Hacht. They captured a German tank near Hill No. 149 southwest of Arras. These announcements are made in today's official statement from Paris.

Port violent counter-attacks for the German near the position of La Couronne in the Champagne, where the French made some gains yesterday. The French have been completely repulsed and all the French gains retained.

There has been heavy activity along the Italian front, where the Italians have been successful in attacking the Austrians near the village of Pavia. The Austrians have been repulsed and the Italians have gained some ground.

Monteregio troops have taken the offensive against the Austrians in the Artois region, where the French made some gains yesterday. The French have been completely repulsed and all the French gains retained.

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## UNITED STATES DECLINES TO HAVE A HAND IN CHINESE UPHEAVAL

Request of Japanese That We Aid in Preventing Re-establishment of Monarchy Being Considered.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA JOIN IN MOVEMENT

Attitude of State Department That Participation Would Be Improper Interference in Internal Affairs.

(By Evening Herald Special Wire)  
Tokyo, Oct. 29.—The Japanese government has requested the American government to aid in preventing the re-establishment of a monarchy in China until the European war is ended.

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## Germans May Ask Recall of Whitlock

Washington Keenly Interested in Rumor That Further Presence of Belgian Minister May Be Distasteful.

(By Evening Herald Special Wire)  
Washington, Oct. 29.—Berlin dispatches reflecting published statements in Germany demanding the recall of Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, because of his reports on the execution of Miss Edith Cavell, the British nurse, today attracted attention of administration officials here but elicited no comment further than statements that the United States had no official opinion on the execution of Miss Cavell.

The German dispatches made a point of the fact that the recall of the Belgian government no longer is at Brussels but at Havre, and suggested that Mr. Whitlock should be at the latter place.

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## VILLA'S RAGGED ARMY ALMOST IN STRIKING DISTANCE TODAY

Crowds Continue to Flock Into Douglas for Spectacle Expected to Unfold Tomorrow or Monday.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR CARRANZA ARRIVE

Defenders of Agua Prieta Have Elaborate Earthworks System Modeled After North France Defenses.

Douglas, Ariz., Oct. 29.—Nearly five regiments of United States infantry were moved today from camp to the border facing Agua Prieta, Sonora, where they are preparing to defend the border against an impending attack on the Mexican town with its Carranza garrison by Villa's army.

The Eleventh, Sixteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second and part of the Seventh infantry were detailed to this duty.

Douglas, Ariz., Oct. 29.—Reinforcements for the Carranza garrison of Agua Prieta, Sonora, across the border from here, probably will be here by night in readiness for the defense of the Mexican town against the Villa army, slowly approaching for battle or siege.

Villa's main army was reported today by General Calles to have been located at Cerro de Padilla on the San Bernardino river, about twenty-five miles southeast of here.

General Calles said he did not expect an attack until tomorrow or Monday.

Villa's army and its headquarters are located at Agua Prieta, Sonora, across the border from here, probably will be here by night in readiness for the defense of the Mexican town against the Villa army, slowly approaching for battle or siege.

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## Propose to Swamp President With Telegrams

National Peace Federation Plans to Flood White House November 8 With World Peace Conference Demands.

(By Evening Herald Special Wire)  
Chicago, Oct. 29.—Plans of the National Peace Federation announced today call for a national appeal to President Wilson on November 8 by night telegraph letters to "co-operate with other neutral governments in calling a conference of neutral nations, the conference to constitute a voluntary court of arbitration mediation, invite suggestions for settlement from warring nations, and in any case submit simultaneously to all of them reasonable proposals of basis for peace."

The call to send the lettergrams is being sent to societies and organizations throughout the country by Louis P. Lochner, secretary of the federation.

Prieta and other towns along the border are being swamped by the flood of letters, which are being sent to the White House by the National Peace Federation.

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## NO LONGER DOUBT ALLAN LINER HESPERIAN SUNK BY TORPEDO

Secretary Lansing Announces Navy Department Has Proved to His Satisfaction War Engine Responsible.

RESULT OF INQUIRY TRANSMITTED TO BERLIN

Germany Has Made Qualified Disclaimer of Responsibility and Next Move Is Up to Kaiser's Government.

(By Evening Herald Special Wire)  
Washington, Oct. 29.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the navy department had indicated that the fragment of the engine of war which sank the Allan liner Hesperian was a part of a torpedo. The German government has persistently denied that the Hesperian was torpedoed. In the opinion of United States naval experts the fragment could not have been part of a marine mine.

The secretary said the result of the navy department's investigation would immediately be communicated either to the German government directly or to Ambassador Breda.

The secretary volunteered no information regarding what form the communication to the German government might take.

Germany has made to the United States a qualified disclaimer of responsibility for the sinking of the Hesperian. In a note to Ambassador Gerard on September 14 the foreign office said that on the face of the evidence then at hand Germany was satisfied that the Hesperian was not sunk by a German submarine.

The fragment of metal examined by the navy department experts was said to have been picked from the deck of the Hesperian after the explosion. The Hesperian sank early in December of the Irish coast while making her way to port after being disabled in the explosion. The fragment was sent to the state department by the American embassy in London.

The state department heretofore has been in doubt regarding the direct cause of the sinking of the Hesperian. A number of affidavits from passengers and officers of the ship had been received by the state department. The signers swore that the ship had been torpedoed. Two Americans were aboard.

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